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5. Section 87

- Equality in government employment
- No discrimination on the basis of religion, place of birth, descent, or colour.

6. Abolition of Slavery

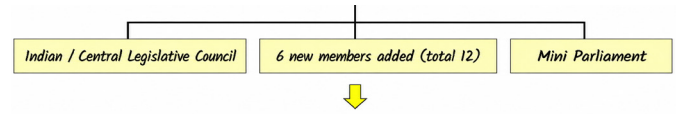
- 1843
- (Lord Ellenborough)

7. First Law Commission (1834) = (Lord Macaulay)

↓ (Recommendation)
(English education in India)

Charter Act of 1853

- 1. Provision for competitive examinations** → Macaulay Committee (1854)
- 2. Division of powers of the Governor General**
 - Administrative functions (GG's Executive Council)
 - Legislative Council of the GG



(Representation of 4 Provinces) ⇒ Bengal, Madras, Bombay and Agra

First / Last Persons in Major Offices of British India

✦ Names, Portraits and Tenure ✦

1 First Governor of Bengal



Robert Clive
Tenure: 1757–1760 (again: 1765–1767)

2 First Governor-General of Bengal



Warren Hastings
Tenure: 1773–1785

3 First Governor-General of India



Lord William Bentinck
Tenure: 1833–1835

4 First Viceroy of India



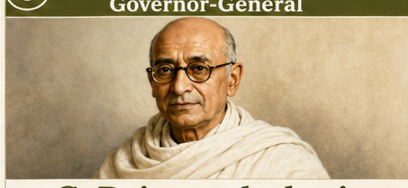
Lord Canning
Tenure: 1858–1862

5 Last British Viceroy and Governor-General of India



Lord Mountbatten
Viceroy: 1947 | Governor-General: 1947–1948

6 Only Indian to Become Governor-General



C. Rajagopalachari
Tenure: 1948–1950



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